

# The Hongkong Telegraph.

WEATHER FORECAST.  
RAIN.

(ESTABLISHED 1881.)  
Copyright, 1911, by the Proprietor.

February 12th, 1912, Temperature a.m. 61, p.m. 61; Humidity...67, 71.

February 11th, 1911, Temperature a.m. 60, p.m. 64; Humidity...60, 70.

No. 3709

庚六廿月式拾年三統宣

TUESDAY, FEBRUARY 13, 1912.

二拜禮 號三十月式英港香

\$30 per Annum  
SINGAPORE COPY 10 Cms.

TELEGRAMS.	TELEGRAMS.	TELEGRAMS.	TELEGRAMS.	TELEGRAMS.	TELEGRAMS.	TELEGRAMS.
THE REVOLUTION.	HOME POLITICS.	OBITUARY.	SECRETARY KNOX.	BRITAIN AND GERMANY.	BRITAIN'S NAVY.	SCULLING.
<b>ABDICATON AT LAST.</b>  (Our Own Correspondent.) Shanghai, Feb. 12, 6.25 p.m. The Abdication Edict has been issued.  <b>THREE EDICTS.</b>  Shanghai, Feb. 13, 9.35 a.m. Three Edicts have been issued. By the first the Throne accepts the Republic.  In the second the Throne accepts the conditions agreed upon by Yuan Shih-kai and the Republicans.  The third informs the Viceroy and Governors that the Throne retires from political power to meet the wishes of the people and instructs the provincial officials to keep the people quiet.  <b>HOMER LEA DYING.</b>  Shanghai, Feb. 13, 9.35 a.m. "General" Homer Lea is dying from diabetes at Nanking.  <b>TROUBLE AT WEI-HAI-WEI.</b>  London, Feb. 12, 7.30 p.m. Reuter learns that a local insurrection has broken out at Wei-hai-wei. The Government has telegraphed permission to dispatch a company of British troops.—Reuter.  <b>REPUBLIC ACCEPTED.</b>  Bombay, Feb. 13, 7.30 a.m. Reuter's correspondent at Shanghai says that the Edict issued by the Throne accepts the Republic.  Two further edicts have been issued in which the Throne accepts the conditions agreed to between Yuan Shih-kai and the Republicans and informs the Viceroy and Governors that the Throne retires from political power to meet the people's wishes.  The Throne further instructs the provincial chiefs to keep the people quiet.—Reuter.  <b>AWAITING THE NEWS.</b>  London, Feb. 12, 6.10 a.m.  Reuter's correspondent at Peking states that an Edict establishing a Republican Government in China is expected to-day.	<b>THE UNLUCKY 13.</b>  [Service to the "Telegraph."] London, Feb. 13, 2.50 p.m.  Parliament was originally fixed to meet on Feb. 13, but the Nationalists feared the unlucky 13th, and consequently the opening was postponed till the 14th.—Reuter.  <b>LOYD GEORGE'S DEFENCE.</b>  London, Feb. 12, 6.25 p.m.  Addressing a crowded meeting in the Opera House under the auspices of the National Liberal Federation, Mr. Lloyd George reviewed the whole situation as affecting the Insurance Act. He denounced the plague of misrepresentation from Tory platforms and combated in detail numerous criticisms of the Act.  <b>DOCTORS CONDEMNED.</b>  He pointed out that already half the working-classes had accepted the scheme of which he explained the benefits in exhaustive fashion. He concluded by condemning vehemently the Colleges of Physicians and Surgeons for refusing to meet the Government. It was, he said, an unparalleled example of rude ineptitude.  <b>A WARNING.</b>  Mr. Lloyd George warned the doctors that, if they resisted the scheme, medical institutions and dispensaries would swarm into existence. If they imagined that their refusal would kill the Act they were utterly mistaken. It would only mean that the clauses in the Act protecting the profession would be lost.—Reuter.  <b>AN UNPLEASANT EXPERIENCE.</b>  London, Feb. 12, 5.35 a.m.  Lord Pirrie, while proceeding to London, was pelted by a crowd at Farns with rotten eggs, herrings and small bags of flour. His clothes were ruined and he had to be rescued by the police.  [Lord Pirrie is chairman of Harland and Wolff, the famous Belfast shipbuilding firm, and Comptroller of the Household of the Lord Lieutenant of Ireland.]	<b>EARL OF LEICESTER.</b>  [Service to the "Telegraph."] London, Feb. 12, 7.30 p.m.  The death is announced of the Earl of Leicester. A service is to be held in Westminster Abbey on Friday.—Reuter.  [Lord Leicester was the third Earl. He was born in 1848 and became Colonel of the Scots Guards. He served in the Egyptian campaign of 1882, the Suakin expedition of 1895, and the Boer war.]  <b>BARON WANDSWORTH.</b>  The death has occurred of Lord Wandsworth, first baron of that name.—Reuter.  [Lord Wandsworth, who was also a Viscount of Portugal, was a Liberal and was M.P. for the Stowmarket Division of Suffolk at the time of abdication to the throne. He published a Bill for the Better Housing of the Working Classes in Rural Districts and a pamphlet on the Parliamentary Franchise.]  <b>FAMOUS FRENCH INVENTOR.</b>  The death is announced of the famous French engineer, M. Delaunay Belleville, the inventor of a famous type of boiler.—Reuter.	<b>SIGNIFICANT VISIT.</b>  [Service to the "Telegraph."] London, Feb. 13, 1 p.m.  Reuter's correspondent at Washington says that the visit of Secretary Knox to the Caribbean countries is regarded as having a world-wide significance, owing to its connection with the Panama Canal.  <b>REMOVING SUSPICIONS.</b>  It is understood that it will remove the suspicions of the Central American Governments concerning supposed projects of territorial aggrandisement on the part of the United States while emphasising the over-intensifying political reasons for averting any European encroachment on Caribbean countries.—Reuter.  <b>NO DESERTION.</b>  [Service to the "Telegraph."] London, Feb. 12, 8.50 p.m.  At a conference of English Nonconformists in London called to discuss Home Rule, Sir Edward Carson said that Home Rule meant the extinction of Protestantism in Ireland, which no so-called guarantees could possibly prevent. He was confident that the Nonconformists of England would never desert their co-religionists.—Reuter.  <b>GIFT TO BRITISH MUSEUM.</b>  The British Museum has received, in commemoration of the Durbar, from Mr. Henry Van den Bergh, through the National Art Collections Fund, the collection of Mohammedan coins of India, formed by Mr. George Blenby during a long residence in that country. This generous gift not only doubles this series of coins in the National Collection, but also places it far ahead numerically and in completeness of any other collection either in India or on the Continent. It numbers 173 specimens in gold, 1,480 in silver, and 994 in copper, and forms a magnificent record of the history of India from A.D. 1166, when the victorious Muhammad bin Sam finished by crushing the opposition of the Rajputs; and became the first Mohammedan ruler of India, till the deposition of Bahadur Shah in 1857.	<b>HALDANE LEAVES.</b>  [Service to the "Telegraph."] London, Feb. 12, 2 p.m.  Reuter's Berlin correspondent reports that Lord Haldane and his brother left Berlin last night for London. There was no one at the station to see him off except a handful of journalists. The private character of the visit has thus been emphasised to the end.  <b>MORE CONFERENCES.</b>  Speculation has been aroused in the German papers by the fact that Sir Ernest Cassel arrived in Berlin on the same train as Lord Haldane and left on Saturday after prolonged conferences with Lord Haldane.  <b>ARMAMENTS NOT DISCUSSED.</b>  The "Daily Mail's" Berlin correspondent has official authority for stating that the question of Naval armaments was not discussed with form. It was mutually agreed before hand that the subject was not debatable as far as Germany was concerned.  <b>LABOUR TROUBLES.</b>  [Service to the "Telegraph."] London, Feb. 12, 8.3 a.m.  The dockers of Manchester resumed work on receipt of the promise that their grievances shall be considered.—Reuter.  <b>RED CROSS SOCIETY OF CHINA.</b>  Recognised by Geneva.  The Red Cross Society of China, of which an international working committee was appointed at the meeting held in the Municipal Hall on November 10, has received from the Marquis Matsukata, the President of the Red Cross Society of Japan, a telegram, announcing the recognition of this society by the International Association of Red Cross Societies at Geneva. The Red Cross Society of Japan had offered its good offices in the matter, to the Red Cross Society of China; and the Marquis Matsukata was good enough to send to Geneva a full account of the history and the work of the Chinese Society. The telegram reads as follows:— "Received following telegram from Ador, President, International Committee Red Cross Geneva accepting declaration contained in your letter of December 28 will notify under your responsibility to the Central Committee of other Red Cross Societies of China, with its Central Committee in Shanghai. Thank you for your useful intercession, January 12, 1912. Geneva, Switzerland."	<b>LIBERALS PERTURBED.</b>  [Service to the "Telegraph."] London, Feb. 12, 5.35 a.m.  The Liberal papers are still perturbed over Mr. Churchill's speech at Glasgow. The "Daily Chronicle" regrets the "luxury" passage as "unfortunate and inopportune, though it was meant innocently. The paper trusts that the endeavours to reach an understanding between England and Germany will not be marred by the chance phrase of a Minister afflicted with a literary temperament. The "Daily News" demands to know whether the forecast of an eventual increase in the ratio of naval superiority was previously approved by the Cabinet, and censures Mr. Churchill for assuming that an improvement of Anglo-German relations can only follow an agreement regarding naval armaments instead of vice versa.  <b>LATE TELEGRAMS.</b>  From the "China Press."  Washington, February 8.—In view of the steady and persistent growth of the movement to renominate Theodore Roosevelt for the presidency, Representative James Sladen, of Texas has introduced a bill in the House of Representatives, in accordance with the tradition, forbidding any president to serve a third term. The measure was defeated by a vote of 90 to 51. 181 of the democrats not voting. Many of the Congressmen who voted against the bill declared that everyone is morally bound to respect the tradition, but it should not be the subject of legislation. It is reported in Washington that Senator La Follette is losing ground in his campaign for the republican presidential nomination, but he refuses to support Roosevelt unless the latter makes an open declaration of his position and principles.  The United States Government is making elaborate preparations owing to the continuation of disorder in Mexico. In well-informed circles it is predicted that unless the Madero government soon succeeds in bringing order in the north, the United States will intervene. Already 30,000 United States troops are being prepared for service on the Mexican border, and the order for mobilization may come any day. President Madero has ignored the note recently sent by President Taft demanding that ample protection be afforded to Americans and foreign interests. A large fleet of American warships is being assembled at Guantanamo, the naval station on the southern coast of Cuba. General Orozco is leading the present revolt against the Madero government. He was commander of the government forces at Juarez during the last revolution, and his life was saved by Madero on the capitulation of the city to the Maderistas. It is reported that the State of Chihuahua is seething with revolution and intends to declare its independence. A band of armed Mexicans has been captured by American troops near El Paso, on American soil.	<b>ARNST AND BARRY.</b>  [Service to the "Telegraph."] London, Feb. 12, 8.3 a.m.  Richard Arnst will row on the Thames in June for the championship of the world.—Reuter.  <b>LOOTING OF THE KUALA.</b>  Punitive Expedition from Aden to Socotra.  A despatch from Bombay, dated January 24, printed in the "Rangoon Gazette," says:—The recent stranding and looting of the Kuala on the coast of Socotra is likely to lead to action being taken in the near future to enforce upon the Sultan of that place his duty towards the British Government. In all probability an expedition will shortly leave Aden for Socotra, consisting of a cruiser of the East Indies Squadron and the R. E. M. S. Dalhousie carrying General Sir James Bell, Resident, and a company of native infantry from the Aden garrison. This force will be in a position to administer punishment to the Sultan of Socotra, unless an apology is forthcoming together with the restitution of or payment for the loot taken from the Kuala. When the vessel stranded the master sent the mate, the second engineer, and the foreman to Aden.  [The vessel had been abandoned by the master and the rest of the crew. They were subsequently picked up by a foreign steamer and taken to Singapore.]  It was found by the landing party from the Medon that the Kuala had been looted in a very systematic manner by the tribesmen living on the island. All the boats' brasswork, piping and wood lining had been taken out and the copper and iron piping throughout had been taken away. The engine valve had been removed and even the safety valve's spring taken away. Upon the arrival of the salvage party the Sultan's presence was invited. As he rules under British suzerainty and is in receipt of a Government subsidy, in consideration of which he undertakes to protect lives and property in the island. He adopted a curious attitude, for when it was shown to him that some of the ship's gear was lying about the beach he offered to allow the party to take it away only on condition of a price being paid for it. He provided a small guard, but a charge was to be made for this also. When the salvage party declined the Sultan's terms for a bodyguard he replied that a party of tribesmen had come in from the mainland who intended to commit further robbery on the Kuala, but the skipper was not to be bluff into paying more money for the guard. Salvage work was started by the Perim Coal Company, which sent the Shaikh Barkhud to the Kuala. On 12 December she was floated, the holes in her cemented after about a month's work. The damage done to the Kuala by her stranding is small compared with that done, it is estimated, by the looting. It will cost a lakh and a half of rupees to refit her completely. The Shaikh Barkhud towed the Kuala to Bombay, making about six knots an hour, and on Wednesday left Bombay for Perim Island with the object of saving the stranded vessel. Kakhirs besides the Kuala, the Shaikh Barkhud, which was known formerly as H.M.S. Shaikh when used in assisting in the wrecking the Persian Gulf arms traffic, brought to Bombay one of the life boats of the Fifeshire and two of her crew.











# SIR ROBERT BURNETT & CO'S

CELEBRATED

## OLD TOM GIN DRY GIN

IMPORTED AND BOTTLED BY

A. S. WATSON &amp; CO., LTD.,

WINE &amp; SPIRIT MERCHANTS.

ALEXANDRA BUILDINGS.

ESTABLISHED 70 YEARS.

Hongkong, 6th January, 1912.

### NOTICE TO SUBSCRIBERS.

The rates of Subscription to the "Hongkong Telegraph" will be as follows:—

Daily issue—\$30 per annum.

Weekly issue—\$13 per annum.

The rates per quarter and per month, proportional. Subscriptions for any period less than one month will be charged as for a full month.

The daily issue is delivered free when the address is accessible to messenger. Peak subscribers can have their copies delivered at their residences without any extra charge. On copies sent by post an additional \$1.50 per quarter is charged for postage.

The postage on the weekly issue to any part of the world is \$1.00 per quarter.

Single Copies, Daily, ten cents. Weekly, twenty-five cents (for cash only).

(PAYABLE IN ADVANCE.)

By Order,

"HONGKONG TELEGRAPH."

The object of this paper is to publish correct information, to serve the truth and print the news without fear or favour.

Cable Address: Telegraph, Hongkong.

Telephone: No. 1. A.B.C., 5th edition. Western Union

The Hongkong Telegraph.

HONGKONG, TUESDAY, FEBRUARY 13, 1912.

### NAVAL STRENGTH—AND THE WRONG WORD.

With all his literary training—perhaps, indeed, because of it—Mr. Churchill appears to have been unfortunate in the choice of a word at Glasgow. His use of the term "luxury," as applied to the German navy, appears somewhat to have annoyed the German newspapers. Qualified as it was, of course, the word was not the most apt that could have been chosen; but to Mr. Churchill's meaning little exception can be taken. His point is that while to Britain a strong navy is not merely essential but a matter of life or death, to Germany it is less necessary to existence. However that may be phrased, it is true. We made the same point here not long ago, and we cannot see any real ground for difference there. Nor do we believe that the irritation created by the use of an unfortunate word will be more than momentary. The German people are possessed of a strong good sense which will prevent them from taking too seriously a mere platform phrase.

Indeed, the speech would probably have passed with little comment had it not coincided with Lord Haldane's visit, of which much appears to be expected, to Germany. On the face of it, it seems singularly like one member of Cabinet embarrassing another, but inasmuch as Mr. Churchill must have spoken with the full authority of the Cabinet we may assume that Lord Haldane's position was carefully considered before the tone of the speech was decided upon. Either, therefore, Mr. Churchill has spoken outside the lines sanctioned by the Cabinet, which is extremely unlikely, or the speech and Lord Haldane's visit fit into each other in a fashion that is not clear to those outside diplomatic circles.

The chief point of the speech, of course, is that the Navy is stated to be comfortably superior to others and is to remain so. That is good news which every British subject will learn with satisfaction. But, however superior Britain's strength may be, it should be even more pronounced when the Naval War Staff comes to full fruition. The archives of the Admiralty contain a great and useful volume of material concerning the successful conduct of naval war which has never been turned to account. Reports of admirals who have conducted manoeuvres, reports, too, of British officers who have watched foreign campaigns, have been laid aside and forgotten. They have never been digested because the administrative staff at the Admiralty had not the time—perhaps lacked the training—necessary to digest them. That body of material the War Staff should be able to turn to account. The lessons of strategy change but little and hints from the great Commanders of the past may be studied with profit to-day. The worth of new inventions, as applied to purposes of strategy, will now be more fairly and fully considered than before. It should not again be readily possible to perpetrate a blunder similar to that of universally adopting the ram after Lissa. A staff of trained officers should reduce the chances of such a blunder to a minimum. The full worth of the new War Staff will not be experienced for a year or two, but there seems every likelihood of its simply justifying its existence in time.

### DAY BY DAY.

To tyrannize where there can be no opposition is the extreme of baseness.

#### To-day Paper.

Woman's World and the Photographic Competition coupon appear to-day on page 3. Home Football results will be found on page 8.

Another body has been found by the police in the Harbour. In this instance it was that of a Chinese woman.

The dead body of a female child, a victim to smallpox, has been found by the police on the hillside at Shaikwan.

The Boy Scouts movement has been honoured by the conferment of a Royal Charter, and will be known as the Boy Scouts Association.

In the case of the Chinese who was charged yesterday, at the Assizes, with armed robbery in the New Territory, the hearing was continued to-day and the prisoner was discharged.

Li Chun was fined \$3 or seven days' hard labour at the Marine Court, to-day for disobeying the orders of the Harbour Master by dragging without permission in Central Fairway, on the 12th inst.

At the Marine Court, to-day, Ho Chuon, Ho Ti, Kwok Sai and Chan Yau, were each fined \$5 or fourteen days for unlawfully mooring their boats within one hundred yards of low water mark in a prohibited place during prohibited hours on the 12th inst.

At the Marine Court, this morning before Commander C. W. Beckwith, R.N., Li Fuk, master of cargo boat 532 and Wong Yee, a boat woman were charged with mooring their craft in such a manner so as to obstruct the Wing Lok Street steps, on the 12th inst. A fine of \$10 in each instance was imposed with the alternative of one month's imprisonment.

#### Ignorance No Plea.

Lain Kin, owner of a licensed junk was ordered to pay \$30 or go to prison for two months with hard labour, at the Marine Court, this morning, for not reporting himself on arrival and for having previously left the waters without a special permit or clearance.

#### Defendant pleaded ignorance of law.

#### A Youthful Thief.

A fifteen-year-old boy appeared before Mr. Irving, at the Magistracy, this morning, charged with stealing \$9 from a shop till in Yaumati. From the evidence it appeared that defendant went to the shop and ordered some rice, and while the proprietor was making up the order, he put his hand into the drawer and extracted the sum mentioned. The bench ordered him to receive ten strokes of the birch and forty-eight hours' detention.

#### Successful Concert.

Thanks to the capable organization of Mrs. Tuxford a capital concert, to augment the funds of the Seamen's Mission, was held in the concert room of that institution last night. The following ladies and gentlemen were responsible for the various items of entertainment which received flattering applause in every instance:—Master Edser, Mr. Randall, Miss Kellie, Mrs. Kew, Mr. C. D. Silas, Mrs. Pollow, Mr. Lake, Mrs. Hill, Mr. Walker, Mr. Hore, Mr. Elliott, and Mr. M. D. Silas. The programme included a sketch from W. W. Jacobs.

#### The 26th Punjabis.

The 26th Punjabis arrived by the troopship Dufferin to-day from Karachi. Those on board included: Major and Mrs. L. B. Walton, Major O. H. Lawson, Capt. G. O. Turnbull, Capt. E. A. Maude, Lieut. G. W. Anderson, H. B. Drysdale, E. J. Torrie, H. C. W. Dillon, J. D. Fulton, E. H. V. Dodge I.M.S., Lieut. S. M. Cookson and W. F. Haynes of the 21st Punjabis; Capt. and Mrs. P. D. Saxton, Capt. and Mrs. Elliott, Major and Mrs. E. D. Lumsden and Miss Lumsden, Major E. Henderson, Bandmaster Williams and Mrs. Williams and 17 native officers.

The rank and file number 800 with 96 followers.

The Chinese Engineering and Mining Co., Ltd., inform us that the total output of the Company's three mines for the week ending Jan. 27, amounted to 34,248.36 tons, and the sales during the period to 30,169.30 tons.

The following is from the "N. C. Daily News" of Feb. 9:—

Mr. Fairbank, a surgeon on board a British man of war lying in the river, was yesterday afternoon seized with a fit whilst walking along the Bund near to Kiukiang Road. Happily a number of sailors saw the incident, and whilst one of their number ran for the ambulance, the remainder formed a circle and kept off the inquisitive natives. Subsequently the sick man was removed to the hospital, where he recovered, and after the wounds occasioned by the fall, had been dressed he was conveyed to his ship.

H.M.S. Archer, one of the five special destroyers building for the British Admiralty by Messrs. Yarrow, of Glasgow, had a very successful official full-speed trial on Wednesday, January 17 on the Skelmorlie deep water measured mile at the mouth of the Clyde. Although the weather was exceptionally bad, a mean speed of 30.3 knots was attained during a continuous run of eight hours, thus exceeding the contract speed of 28 knots by 2.3 knots. Throughout the trial the whole of the machinery worked perfectly. The special feature of interest was the boiler installation, the boilers being fitted with Yarrow's patent system of superheating; the average superheat during the trial was 94 degrees Fahrenheit, from which a very appreciable gain in economy was obtained.

#### The Revolution and Finance.

The following is from the "China Press" of Feb. 9:—The proposed loan of Tls. 10,000,000 to be made to the Republican government through the China Merchants' Steam Navigation Co., is temporarily held up, owing to dissatisfaction among the stockholders. It has been disclosed that there were irregularities in the recent meeting at Chang Su Ho's Garden, and that a quorum of stockholders was not present. However, so confident are the promoters that the deal will eventually be made that the debenture notes have been printed.

In some circles the further rise in the price of silver yesterday was attributed to the expectations, by holders of silver of an early settlement of the troubles in China, and the prospects of a loan. The Republican officials are watching the price of silver very closely, realizing the loss through exchange which they will suffer if compelled to expend a huge gold loan in silver, with the metal at its present price, and prospects of repayment at a normal basis.

#### Gallant Rescue by European P.C.

A gallant action falls to be recorded to the credit of E. P. C. Baker, of the Singapore, says the "Straits Times" of Feb. 6, and continues:—He was on duty in the neighbourhood of Johnston's Pier on Saturday afternoon when his attention was attracted by the shouts of people on the pier. The cause was the imminent danger of a Chinaman who had evidently attempted to commit suicide and who was now struggling in the water. E. P. C. Baker did not stop to lighten himself, but, throwing off his topcoat, he plunged in and grasped the drowning man. Taking his burden by the shoulders he swam on his back for the steps, but at this juncture a Malay constable came alongside with a sampan, into which the rescued man was placed. Once on the pier, the officer commenced efforts at resuscitation, in which he was joined a few minutes later by Captain McKenzie Skinner, R.A.M.C., who had seen the situation from the Club opposite. The life that was left in the man was encouraged and he was shortly afterwards removed to the General Hospital in an ambulance, still, however, unconscious. E. P. C. Baker's conduct is being brought to the notice of the authorities, who will, no doubt, show their appreciation of his gallantry in some tangible form. He already holds a medal and certificate for life saving.

### SANITARY BOARD.

#### Small Pox Patients.

At the meeting of the Sanitary Board held this afternoon the Medical Officer of Health submitted a minute relative to the removal of small pox patients to the Kwong Wah Hospital at Kowloon.

Ng Hon-tek minutes:—I ask for information. How public vaccinators are employed in Hongkong and Kowloon? How are they paid and how many extra men are employed during the epidemic time? What steps are taken to enforce vaccination in schools and amongst government employees?

Mr. Lau Chu-pak:—This is a separate hospital for small pox patients, specially built for that purpose. It should be allowed to receive patients immediately.

Hon. Mr. Chatham:—The necessary resolution should be passed.

#### The Water Supply.

Mr. Bowley moved:—That in view of the new roads and increased traffic in the vicinity of the Filter Beds and Service Reservoirs this Board is of opinion that it is necessary in order to protect the water supply of the City from contamination and in the interests of the Public Health of the Colony:—

(1.) To enclose the Albany Filter Beds and Reservoir by erecting: (a.) a brick wall 6 feet in height in the place of the open iron railing recently erected along the Western coping of the new road skirting the eastern extremity of the Filter Beds. (b.) a wall or unclimbable fence from the Southern extremity of the wall mentioned in (a) to the entrance to the Ladies' Recreation Club with a gate at the western extremity of such wall or fence. (c.) a wall or unclimbable fence at the North West corner of the enclosure.

(2.) To enclose the Filter Beds and tanks below Bowen Road and at the West Point with walls or unclimbable fences.

Dr. Fitzwilliams minutes:—Has there been anything done towards supplying funds for carrying out the said resolutions?

#### Creating a Precedent.

An application was dealt with for permission to erect two urinals at a house in the Bonham Strand. Mr. Bowley:—If the application is granted every Chinese house will be in a position to claim similar facilities. If granted should not the power to remove be reserved?

Hon. Mr. E. A. Hewitt:—The application should be deferred for reasons which I have repeatedly given to the Board.

Mr. Bowley:—It is certainly better to allow urinals to be erected in Chinese houses and restaurants and to compel the Chinese to use the drains in their houses.

Hon. Mr. Chatham:—I am in favour of granting subject to the provision of an independent water supply and power of removal in the event of the urinals not being maintained in a proper manner.

#### A Question of Ceilings.

Correspondence was laid on the table relative to the removal of ceilings from houses in Staunton Street.

Mr. Bowley:—Should not the legal point raised be referred to the Crown Solicitor?

Mr. Lau Chu-pak:—I understand the ceilings on the top floor have in most cases been left undisturbed. It is perfectly true that top floors without ceilings are unbearable in summer. Exemption should be granted.

Hon. Mr. E. A. Hewitt:—I agree with Mr. Lau Chu-pak as to the objections to removing ceilings in the top floor.

Hon. Mr. Chatham:—The M.O.H. has requested that the ceilings be permitted on the top floors subject to the closing up of any ventilating openings. I agree to this.

A telegram from New York on January 28 to the "Mainichi" stated that two members of the party in favour of the re-election of Mr. Taft as President of the United States paid Mr. Roosevelt a visit that day, in the hope of ascertaining the ex-President's views respecting the coming Presidential election. These gentlemen, however, failed to elicit any definite statement of opinion from him.

### TELEGRAMS.

#### BRITAIN AND GERMANY.

##### LORD HALDANE'S VISIT.

[Service to the "Telegraph"]

Bombay, Feb. 13, 7.30 a.m. Lord Haldane told the journalists that he found the friendliest feeling everywhere.

Reuter's correspondent at Berlin says that it is semi-officially stated that Lord Haldane came to ascertain whether anything, and what, might be done to mitigate the undoubted tension between the two countries. It is unlikely that any definite agreements were reached, but it is quite certain that the question of armaments was not raised.

##### "WAIT AND SEE."

Indeed, he adds, it is impossible to find any formula on which serious discussion regarding armaments could be based. One must wait and see whether the information Lord Haldane takes back will materialise in tangible proposals in the course of further diplomatic discussions.

Anyhow the visit will do service in dispelling Mr. Churchill's idea that the German Navy is a luxury.

##### A BUSY DAY.

Lord Haldane had a busy day in consultation first with Mr. L. Harcourt and then with Mr. Churchill who afterwards conferred with Mr. Lloyd George.

Last night Lord Haldane met the Cabinet at Downing Street.

##### PORTUGAL'S POSITION.

The Portuguese Legation informs Reuter that Portugal has no intention whatever of selling any of her colonies. It also says that the report that Portugal is contemplating a loan on the guarantee of her Colonies is baseless.—Reuter.

##### THE WEST RIVER.

##### British Gunboat Fired On.

A report has been received of an interchange of shots between West River pirates and H. M. gunboat Sandpiper, one of the vessels engaged in patrol work. The pirates would appear to have opened fire upon a junk, which was being towed by a launch said to have been flying the American flag, though confirmation of this could not be obtained. Shots were fired at the Sandpiper also, but fortunately no-one on board was injured, as these vessels of necessity carry a considerable quantity of coal which has to be stacked in bags on deck. The bullets struck these bags. The Sandpiper opened fire and soon silenced the pirates, but what actual damage was done is not known.

##### THE ARBITRATION CASE.

This morning in the Chief Justice's Court, before the Chief Justice Sir Francis Piggott, the case of arbitration between the owners of Marine Lots at Kowloon and the Government, arising out of the construction of the Harbour Refuge, was continued.

Mr. Shelton Hooper again went into the box and continued under the examination of Mr. Eldon Potter for the Crown.

According to witness a valuation made in 1902, put the ground at a value of 62.1-2 cents per superficial, but claimants were now claiming at the rate of \$5.77 per foot.

### NOTES AND COMMENTS.

#### Race Weather.

One of those confirmed pessimists who always look upon the dark side of things has pointed out the rainfall of last night and this morning. It was inevitable he said. It might be fine for months, but let the date of a race-meeting approach and every cloud wandering over Zanzibar or Alaska would heed the summons to assemble over Hongkong. This, by the way, is endowing Hongkong with an importance in the eyes of the Clerk of the Weather, which it no doubt deserves, but is scarcely recorded. It is true nevertheless that the Chinese New Year meeting is very frequently a damp affair, but this time the Jockey Club Committee has scored a point over the Clerk of the Weather. The meeting was originally fixed for Feb. 13, 14 and 15 and of this due note was no doubt taken, as rain began to fall last evening. But the postponement for a week was evidently unnoticed and there is a possibility that the Clerk of the Weather will have exhausted his watery wrath before the 18th.

#### Nationalist Superstition.

The statement that the re-assembling of Parliament has been delayed for a day because the Nationalists were a bit superstitious over the unlucky 13th, makes one smile. There is something that tickles in the idea of Mr. Redmond making heavy representations to the Government that they must really alter the date because the members from Ireland who want Home Rule were a bit jumpy over it. The Cabinet held a meeting a day or two ago, the cables told us, perhaps to debate on this profoundly important matter. Better things are expected from educated men. One would as readily expect Lord Lansdowne to carry a potato in his pocket for rheumatism (a "cure" often recommended) or Mr. Asquith to let the House go hang for a day because he spilled some salt at breakfast.

#### A Test Record.

The M.C.C. team has given the Australians something to think about in the fourth test match. Yesterday they established a new test match record by putting up a total of 580. At present Australia have to collect the nice little lot of 300 runs before they can put the Englishmen in again. Most likely they will do it, too. They put up a grim second innings in the third test, and they will probably come along with about 500 now. But they cannot hope to win. Douglas won this game when he won the toss for the first time in four tries. That reminds one of a curious incident in one of the earlier Test matches in Australia, in which the English team was captained by W. G. Grace. Australia had won the toss for the first two matches, and had also won the games. By this time W. G. Grace had learned the story that Blackham, the Australian captain, was supposed to be in possession of a lucky halfpenny which he always used for the toss. On the occasion of the third match, when the rival captains met to toss, Blackham again produced his lucky halfpenny. Grace, however, promptly divined his hand into his pocket, and, pulling out his own coin, insisted that Blackham should call to him for a change. Blackham did call, and lost the toss—and lost the game.

#### High Silver.

Old timers would regard with scorn any excitement on account of the dollar reaching the two shilling mark. But times have changed and silver has been bashfully remaining in the background for so long that a restoration to what might be inaccurately, but conveniently called "par," becomes quite an event. It is usual for silver to rise at the approach of the Chinese New Year, but there are other elements at work. We have already referred to the operations of the speculative group in India, which was holding large quantities of silver. Another reason may be the expected boom in China when political matters settle down. Good judges incline to the belief that the appreciation of silver will continue.



## COMPANY REPORT.

Shanghai Land Investment Co., Ltd.

The following is the report of the Directors of the above Company for presentation at the Twenty-third Annual General Meeting of Shareholders to be held on Feb. 15, 1912, at 4.30 p.m.:

The Directors have pleasure in presenting their Twenty-third Annual Report together with a Statement of Accounts and Balance Sheet for the year ending December 31, 1911.

The working account for 1911 has a credit balance of Tls. 435,672.00, as compared with Tls. 426,043.16 for 1910. The gross rental show a decrease of Tls. 8,059.44, but against this there is a decrease in running expenses of Tls. 27,631.33, giving a net increase in rental of Tls. 19,571.89. The decrease in gross rental is largely owing to the general decrease in rents in foreign occupied property. Although the expenditure on repairs has been curtailed the Company's properties have all been maintained in their usual good state of repair. Interest account.—As stated in last year's report, and as approved by the shareholders at the last general meeting, interest on undeveloped land has been carried to the credit of improvements and renewals account. This account has now a credit balance of Tls. 60,209.45, being the difference between the Tls. 75,153.60 carried to its credit as stated above and the cost of certain improvements and renewals of a permanent character carried out during the year. It is proposed to credit improvements and renewals account this year with Tls. 78,363.40, being interest on undeveloped land for 1911. It is proposed to withdraw a further sum of Tls. 50,000.00 from the equalization of dividends fund, which will then stand at Tls. 200,000.00.

Profit and Loss Account.—The amount at the credit of profit and loss account, after adding Tls. 50,000.00 transferred from equalization of dividends fund and deducting the interim dividend paid in July last, is Tls. 329,503.22, which the Directors recommend for appropriation as follows:—

Final Dividend of 10 per cent. (making 11 per cent. for the year) on all fully paid-up shares... Tls. 234,000.00  
Transfer to Improvements and Renewals Account... Tls. 78,363.40  
Carry forward to new Account Tls. 17,139.70

329,503.22  
Capital Account.—The differences in figures in capital account are due to interest on undeveloped land with the following principal exceptions:—

Hanbury Road Estate No. 5.—A creek has been culverted, giving the estate an improved road and a small area of additional land for building use in any re-development scheme.

Jinkeo Estate No. 6.—Alterations to No. 7, Jinkeo Road after use by the Shanghai Club and making good after the settlement of the new buildings on Calatralla Lots 20 and 27.

Hongkew Creek Estate No. 8.—Certain land has been purchased with a view to road extension.

Paoshan Estate No. 13.—A small area of land was purchased to square off B. C. Pao Lot 211.

Great Western Road No. 17.—The continuation of development as mentioned in previous reports.

Jessfield Road Estate No. 21.—Completion of the land purchase to connect this Estate with Edinburgh Road.

Zing Pang Estate No. 26.—One house has been completed and a second house commenced on lease. Additional frontage to Great Western Road has been acquired.

Mortgages.—Mortgage loans amount to Tls. 2,614,686.32, advanced against Real Estate and are fully covered.

Directors.—Mr. Pearce retires by rotation, but offers himself for re-election.

Auditor.—Mr. Wingrove retires, but offers himself for re-election.

E. Jenner Hogg, Chairman.

## SIGHT FOR THE BLIND.

Remarkable Operation in Paris.

By slow but sure steps science and human skill are widening the boundaries of the possible, and in no department of beneficent activity is this progress more apparent than in the domain of surgery. Not so long ago the chief aim of operative surgery was the removal of a damaged limb or the extirpation of a malignant growth. Then came what may, without irreverent presumption, be styled—creative surgery, when the object was restoration instead of destruction, when skin could be grafted, a severed nerve spliced, and even a damaged or useless organ repaired or replaced by a healthy one. It has remained for a clever French ophthalmic surgeon to give back sight to the blind. He has been successful in one case only; but what has been done once can be repeated.

Several months ago, Dr. Magitot made the daring experiment of grafting a human cornea, kept in a state of blackened vitality upon the eye of a young man whose sight had been practically destroyed by lime. Numerous experiments had been previously made with corneas of animal origin, but they had all failed to give the desired result. Dr. Magitot made his daring attempt—and succeeded.

The transparent cornea of the eye is one of the most delicate of all the organic tissues. Very soon after death it becomes opaque. But by placing it in certain conditions as to "milieu" and temperature, scientists have succeeded in preserving it in a healthy condition—that is to say, alive—for several days. This discovery of the possibility of preservation of the cornea is doubtless destined to render incalculable services to suffering humanity.

Doctor's Experiment.

At the Academy of Sciences Professor Dastre performed the pleasing duty of describing the results of Dr. Magitot's daring operation. A youth aged 15 had almost lost the sight of one eye in consequence of a burn from hot lime. An opaque film entirely covered the cornea so that it became impossible for the rays of light to make even the faintest impression on the retina.

Seven months ago Dr. Magitot cut a small rectangular "window" in the diseased cornea, and into this he inserted a fragment of transparent tissue, obtained from an unfortunate patient who had lost his sight through another eye disease, that of glaucoma, but whose cornea remained intact. It had, however, to be removed owing to the pain which it caused him. Thus, what on the one hand constituted a relief for one patient, became a means of remedying the infirmity of another.

"The adherence of the tissues," said M. Dastre, "was complete in eight days. A transparent window had been placed in the opaque wall. A few weeks later the bandages were removed, and the young man was able to see sufficiently to walk about without assistance."

"For seven months this condition of things has persisted, and the sight of the damaged eye has reached one-tenth of the normal, which is enough to enable him to see and move about."

"These facts," M. Dastre continued, "are in accordance with those presented to the Biological Society by the learned French surgeon, Alexis Carrel, of the Rockefeller Institute of New York, on the possibility of preserving living tissues outside the human organism and afterwards transplanting them on other living organisms. Received with much reserve and amidst general incredulity, these statements have now been at least partially confirmed."

## RATS!

Fishermen's Haul.

A party of Malay fishermen netting between the Lankawi Islands and Kedah a few days ago had a strange experience, a correspondent informs the "Pineau Gazette" of the 18th ult. The men saw something dark spread over a considerable surface of the water which they thought to be a big school of fish. It was surrounded by nets, but on dragging them in to close quarters the men discovered, much to their disappointment and consternation, that they had onmeshed a huge colony of rats, thousands in number. The migrating rodents, it is surmised, were swimming across from the islands, where food supplies had run short, to the mainland in order to feed on the Kodah paddy. The fishermen were at first afraid that the rats would attempt to crawl into their dugouts, but they made no effort to do this. Much to their relief the men succeeded in releasing their undesirable "catch" and hastily made off with their nets to try for better luck elsewhere.

## NAVAL WORKS AT SASEHO.

The "Asahi" says that the dock which is under construction at the naval port of Saseho, measures at the bottom 220 ft. more than the largest one in Yokosuka, 286 ft. more than that in Kure, and 49 ft. more than the one of the Mitsu Bishi Dockyard at Nagasaki. In depth, it exceeds those of other docks by from eight to ten feet. While its construction was almost finished in June last, the dredging of the entrance is now being pushed forward and will not be finished till about June.

There are two more docks in course of construction at the Naval base and an extensive quay is also being built there which is designed to accommodate seven of the largest battleships at one time. This requires an outlay of 1,789,000 yen and eight years' work. It is said to be the largest engineering feat that Japan has ever attempted.

## STOCKBROKERS' ASSOCIATION OF HONGKONG.

## NOTICE.

THE COMMITTEE has decided that the following shall be the settling days for 1912:—

TUESDAY, 30th January  
WEDNESDAY, 24th February  
FRIDAY, 20th March  
MONDAY, 21st April  
THURSDAY, 30th May  
FRIDAY, 24th June  
TUESDAY, 3rd July  
FRIDAY, 30th August  
FRIDAY, 27th September  
WEDNESDAY, 30th October  
FRIDAY, 24th November  
MONDAY, 28th December

The following is a list of Members of the STOCKBROKERS' ASSOCIATION OF HONGKONG:—

J. M. & C. Bax  
S. S. Benjamin  
E. E. Ellis  
F. Ellis  
J. Gould  
R. A. Gubbay  
P. H. Hall  
T. W. Hooley  
T. F. Hoogh  
E. Howard  
Ellis Kadgorie  
E. S. Kadorie  
J. R. Michael  
M. H. Michael  
S. H. Michael  
S. J. Michael  
E. J. Moxon  
G. O. Moxon  
E. Owen  
I. S. Perry  
G. H. Potts  
E. O. Potts  
E. M. Raymond  
F. Smyth  
P. Stappa  
J. W. Taylor  
J. W. Worcester  
J. F. Wright

By Order of the Committee,  
W. G. WOODSTEE,  
Secretary.

Hongkong, 7th Feb., 1912.



TADDY &amp; CO'S.

## "GRAPNEL MIXTURE"

Mild and Fragrant

KRUSE &amp; CO.

GARNER QUELCH & CO.,  
WINE MERCHANTS.

DES VŒUX ROAD.

TELEPHONE 030.

Supply the highest quality Wines, Spirits, Cigars and Cigarettes obtainable, consistent with price. All Wines and Spirits bottled in Europe by Shippers of world wide reputation.

Hongkong, 15th January, 1912.

## THEATRE ROYAL

MAURICE E. BANDMANN ANNOUNCES  
THE LAST FOUR NIGHTS  
of the famous London Actor Manager

MR. MATHESON LANG

AND

MRS. HUTIN BRITTON

TO-NIGHT

The Magnificent Tragedy,

OTHELLO.

TO-MORROW, WEDNESDAY, FEB. 14th, in Response  
to Numerous Requests

SWEET NEEL OF OLD DRURY  
WILL BE REPEATED.

THURSDAY, FEB. 15th, Grand Farewell Performance  
THE TAMING OF THE SHREW

THE PLAYS COMPLETE IN EVERY DETAIL AS  
PRESENTED IN LONDON.

Stalls and Circle \$4. Box \$2. Gallery \$1.

Commence at 9 Sharp.

Plan Now Open at Moutrie's.

## DON'T FORGET.

Tuesday, Feb. 13.  
At Home, Ministering Children's League, European Branch, Government House.

"Othello," Theatre Royal.

Wednesday, Feb. 14.  
Dramatic Performance. St. Joseph's College.

"Jack and Gingles," Theatre Royal.

Portuguese Branch of Ministering Children's League, Government House.

Hongkong Church Missionary Association, annual meeting, St. Paul's College, 5.30 p.m.

Friday, Feb. 16.  
Annual meeting Diocesan Refuge.

Ordinary annual meeting of Humphreys Estate and Finance Co., Ltd., 11.30 a.m.

Dramatic Performance. St. Joseph's College, 9 p.m.

Rajput Sports, U. S. R. C. ground.

Saturday, Feb. 17.  
Hongkong and Shanghai Bank Half yearly meeting.

Hongkong and Whampoa Dock Co., Ltd., meeting, 11 a.m.

Hongkong, 7th Feb., 1912.

ASAHI  
BEER  
SAPPORO  
BEER

TO BE OBTAINED

FROM ALL WINE DEALERS

Note our Price \$12.00 per case containing 4 dozen quarts or 6 dozen pints. [70]

GREEN ISLAND CEMENT COMPANY, LIMITED.

PORTLAND CEMENT.

In Casks of 375 lbs. net.

In Bags of 250 lbs. net.

SHEWAN, TOMES &amp; CO.,

General Managers.

Hongkong, 16th Aug., 1910. [6]

## MILK

FIVE CENTS A PINT.

PURE, FRESH, SEPARATED, NATURAL.

REMOVED: THE CREAM ONLY.

ADDED: NOTHING.

If you must use Separated Milk why not have it

FRESH?

For sale by

THE DAIRY FARM Co., Ltd.

One penny a pint!

## G. FALCONER &amp; Co., Ltd.,

WATCHMAKERS &amp; JEWELLERS.

LARGE SELECTION OF HALL MARKED  
ENGLISH SILVERWARE.

TEA SETS, SALVERS, ROSE  
BOWLS, FISH & DESSERT  
KNIVES & FORKS.

KING GEORGE IV  
SCOTCH WHISKY

This high-class  
Whisky is noted  
for its purity, age  
and delicate flavour. It is essentially a Club  
Whisky. The quality and absolute  
regularity are  
guaranteed.



SOLE AGENTS—

## GANDE, PRICE &amp; CO., LTD.

WINE MERCHANTS,

12, Queen's Road Central,

HONGKONG.

Tel. No. 135.

Hongkong, 6th February, 1912.



## CANADIAN PACIFIC RAILWAY CO.'S

ROYAL MAIL STEAMSHIP LINE.

"EMPEROR LINE."

Sailings from Hongkong and from St. John, N.B.

"E. of Japan" ... Sat., Feb. 24	"E. of Ireland" ... Fri., Mar. 22.
"Monteagle" ... Mar. 23	"E. of Ireland" ... Apr. 10.
"E. of India" ... Apr. 20	"E. of Ireland" ... May, 17.

To Vancouver, B.C., calling at Shanghai, Nagasaki (through the Inland Sea of Japan), Kobe, Yokohama and Victoria, B.C.  
 Passengers booked to all the principal points in Canada, the United States and Europe, also around the World.

For further information, Maps, Guide Books, Rates of Passage and Freight, apply to—  
 D. W. Craddock, General Traffic Agent,  
 Corner Pedder Street and Praya (Opposite Blake Pier.)

## INDO-CHINA STEAM NAVIGATION CO., LD.

(PROJECTED SAILINGS FROM HONGKONG.—SUBJECT TO ALTERATION.)

For	Steamship	On
SHANGHAI	YANGTSANG	Thursday, 15th Feb., noon.
MANILA	LOONGSANG	Saturday, 17th Feb., 2 p.m.
TIEN-TSIN	CHUPHUNG	Saturday, 24th Feb., daylight.
MANILA	YUENSANG	Saturday, 24th Feb., 2 p.m.

RETURN TOURS TO JAPAN (Occupying 24 days).

The steamers "Kutang," "Namsang" and "Pookang" leave about every 3 weeks for Shanghai and returning via Kobe (Inland Sea) and Moji to Hongkong.

These vessels have all modern improvements and are fitted throughout with Electric Light.

A duly qualified surgeon is also carried.

\* Steamers have superior accommodation for First-class Passengers, and are fitted throughout with Electric Light.

† Taking Cargo on Through Bills of Lading to Yangtze Ports, Chaofoo, Tientsin, via Chingwantao.

For Freight or Passage, apply to **JARDINE MATHESON & CO., LD.**  
 Telephone No. 215.  
 Hongkong, 8th February, 1912.

## 'SHIRE' LINE OF STEAMERS, LIMITED.

PROJECTED HOMEWARD SAILINGS FROM HONGKONG. (SUBJECT TO ALTERATION.)

For	Steamship	DATE OF DEPARTURE
LONDON & ANTWERP	"CARMARTHENSIRE"	23th February.
LONDON & ANTWERP	"GLAMORGANSIRE"	15th March.

All steamers have excellent accommodation for a limited number of First Class Passengers. Cabins are situated amidships, and are fitted with electric light and fans. Attention is directed to the moderate fares charged.

For Freight or Passage, apply to

**JARDINE, MATHESON & CO., LD.,**

AGENTS.

Hongkong, 2nd February, 1912.

## HONGKONG, CANTON, MACAO AND

## WEST RIVER STEAMERS.

JOINT SERVICE OF  
 THE HONGKONG, CANTON AND MACAO STEAMBOAT CO., LTD.,  
 AND THE CHINA NAVIGATION CO., LTD.,  
 HONGKONG-CANTON LINE.

HONGKONG TO CANTON CANTON TO HONGKONG  
 TUESDAY, 13th FEBRUARY.

10.00 p.m. "FATSHAN." 5.00 p.m. "KINSHAN."

These steamers, carrying His Majesty's Mails, are the largest and fastest on the River. Special attention is drawn to the Superior Saloon and Cabin. Electric Fan in each Cabin.

## HONGKONG-MACAO LINE.

S.S. "SUI TAI" Tons 1651 S.S. "SUI AN" Tons 1651  
 HONGKONG TO MACAO.

Week days at 8 A.M. & 2 P.M. from the Company's Wing Lok Street Wharf. Sunday at 9 A.M. & 12.30 P.M. from the Company's Wing Lok Street Wharf.

## MACAO TO HONGKONG.

Week days at 7.30 A.M. and 2 P.M. Sunday, at 7.30 A.M. and 5 P.M.

## EXCURSION TO MACAO.

SUNDAY, 18th FEBRUARY.

The Company's Steamship,

"SUI AN"

will depart from the Company's WING LOK WHARF at 9 A.M. Departure from Macao at 5 P.M.

FARES AS USUAL.

Further particulars may be obtained at the Office of the Company.

## CHINESE NEW YEAR HOLIDAYS.

## HONGKONG-CANTON LINE.

Steamers to and from Canton will run as usual.

## HONGKONG-MACAO LINE.

There will be no steamer from Macao at 7.30 a.m. or steamers from Hongkong at 12.30 p.m. on Sunday, the 18th inst.  
 There will be no 8 a.m. steamer from Hongkong or 2 p.m. steamer from Macao on Monday, the 19th inst.

## MACAO-CANTON LINE.

The s.s. "HOI SANG" will run as usual.

## CANTON-WUCHOW LINE.

The s.s. "SAINAM" and "NANING" will run as usual.

Booking Office open daily (Sunday excepted) 9 A.M. to 5 P.M.

Further particulars may be obtained at the Office of the

**HONGKONG, CANTON & MACAO STEAMBOAT COMPANY, LIMITED.**

HOTEL MANSIONS (FIRST FLOOR),  
 Opposite the Blake Pier.

## Shipping

## NIPPON YUSEN KAISHA

(THE JAPAN MAIL STEAMSHIP CO.)



PROJECTED SAILINGS FROM HONGKONG.—SUBJECT TO ALTERATION.

Destinations	Steamers	Sailing Dates
MARSEILLES, LONDON & ANTWERP via SINGAPORE, PENANG, COLOMBO, SOERABAYA & PORT SAID	TANGO MARU, Capt. K. Kawara, T. 8,000 KAMO MARU, Capt. H. Sommer, T. 9,000	WEDNESDAY, 14th Feb., Daylight. WEDNESDAY, 28th Feb., Daylight.
SYDNEY & MELBOURNE via MANILA, THURSDAY ISLAND, TOWNSVILLE and BATHURST	YAWATA MARU, Capt. T. Sekine, T. 6,000 NIKKO MARU, Capt. M. Yagi, T. 6,000	FRIDAY, 16th Feb., at Noon. FRIDAY, 15th Mar., at Noon.
NAGASAKI, KOBE & YOKOHAMA	NIKKO MARU, Capt. M. Yagi, T. 6,000 BOMBAY MARU, Capt. Noma, T. 5,000	WEDNESDAY, 14th Feb., at Noon. WEDNESDAY, 14th Feb.
KOBE & YOKOHAMA	MISHIMA MARU, Capt. Moses, T. 9,000	THURSDAY, 15th Feb., 11 A.M.
BOMBAY via SINGAPORE & CO. LONDON	HAIRATA MARU, Capt. H. Nonura, T. 5,000	THURSDAY, 22nd Feb.

† Cargo only.

§ Fitted with new system of wireless telegraphy.

## NEW LINE OF STEAMERS BETWEEN KOBE and CALCUTTA.

Regular fortnightly service from Kobe to Calcutta calling at Hongkong, Singapore, Penang and Rangoon.  
 The next steamer to sail from Hongkong:

"JINSEN MARU" ... Tons 4,000 ... Capt. G. Michida ... Feb. 10th.

## 1912 PASSENGER SEASON 1912

Steamer	Tons	Captain	From Hongkong
TANGO MARU	8,000	K. Kawara	Feb. 14th.
KAMO MARU	9,000	F. L. Sommer	Feb. 28th.
AKI MARU	7,000	K. Homma	Mar. 18th.
MISHIMA MARU	9,000	A. C. Moses	Mar. 27th.
KAGA MARU	7,000	M. Hagino	April 10th.
ATSUTA MARU	9,000	Wm. Thompson	April 24th.
HITACHI MARU	7,000	T. Yamawaki	May 8th.
MIYASAKI MARU	9,000	T. Mura	May 22nd.

## FOR SEATTLE.

Steamer	Tons	Captain	From Hongkong
INABA MARU	7,000	S. Tominaga	Feb. 27th.
TAMBA MARU	7,000	K. Noda	Mar. 20th.
SANUKI MARU	7,000		April 9th.
AWA MARU	7,000	T. Iizawa	April 23rd.
INABA MARU	7,000	S. Tominaga	May 21st.

From Hongkong direct to Nagasaki 4 days, to Kobe 5 days and to Yokohama 6 days.

For further information as to Freight, Passage, Sailings, etc., apply to the Company's Local Branch Office in Prince's Buildings, First Floor, Chater Road.

T. KUSUMOTO, Manager.

## CHINA NAVIGATION CO. LTD.

## SAILINGS SUBJECT TO ALTERATION.

For	STEAMERS	To SAIL
HAIPHONG (calls Hanoi for) "SINGAN"		14th Feb., 11 A.M.
AMOI		14th Feb., 4 P.M.
SHANGHAI	"YUNNAN"	14th Feb., 4 P.M.
MANILA, ZAMBOANGA & AUSTRALIAN PORTS	"CHINHUA"	16th Feb., 4 P.M.
SHANGHAI	"CHANGSHA"	16th Feb., 4 P.M.
SHANGHAI	"ANHUI"	7th Feb., M'night.
MANILA, CEBU & ILOILO	"KAIFONG"	20th Feb., 4 P.M.

DIRECT SAILING TO WEST RIVER, Twice Weekly.  
 S.S. "LINTAN" and S.S. "SANUL"

AUSTRALIAN STEAMERS have superior accommodation with Electric Light throughout and Electric Fans in State-rooms. A duly qualified Doctor is carried. REDUCED FARES. Cargo booked through for all Australia, New Zealand and Tasmanian Ports.

MANILA LINE.—Twin "crew Steamers" "Tea" and "Taming," saloon accommodation amidships; electric fans fitted; extra state-rooms on deck, aft. Saloon accommodation of s.s. "Kailong" is situated on deck, aft.

SHANGHAI LINE.—FAST SCHEDULE TWIN-SCREW STEAMERS (Anhui, Okama, Lian, Chinkua)—with excellent passenger accommodation. Electric Light throughout and Electric Fans in the State-rooms and Dining Saloon, leave Hongkong for Shanghai direct every Thursday and Sunday, taking cargo on through Bills of Lading to all Yangtze and Northern China Ports.

N.B.—Passengers must embark before midnight on Saturday for the Sunday morning sailings. A Company's launch leaves Merry Pier at 10 o'clock every Saturday night.

These steamers land passengers in Shanghai, avoiding the inconvenience of transhipment at Woosung.

Reduced Fares:—Single \$45. Return \$75.  
 For Freight or Passage apply to

**BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE**  
 Telephone No. 22.  
 Hongkong, 4th February, 1912.

## Shipping

## HAMBURG-AMERIKA LINIE

IN CONJUNCTION WITH

Deutsche Dampfschiffahrts Gesellschaft "HANSA."

EAST ASIATIC SERVICE.

Regular Sailings from JAPAN, CHINA and PHILIPPINES,  
 via STRAITS and COLOMBO.

Marseilles, Havre, Bremen and Hamburg and New York.

Taking cargo at Through rates to all European North Continental and British Ports, also Trieste, Lisbon, Oporto, Genoa and other Mediterranean Levantine, Black Baltic Sea and Ports, and all North and South American Ports.

## Next Sailings from Hongkong:

## OUTWARD.

For Shanghai, Kobe &amp; Yokohama:

Suavia ..... 18th Feb.

Belgravia ..... 4th Mar.

Sachsen ..... 16th Mar.

C. Ferd. Lachsz ..... 30th Mar.

For Further Particulars, apply to—

## HOMEWARD.

For Havre, Hamburg &amp; Antwerp:

S.S. "Silezia" ..... 16th Feb.

For Marseilles, Rotterdam &amp; Hamburg:

S.S. "Saxonia" ..... 17th Feb.

For Marseilles, Rotterdam &amp; Hamburg:

S.S. "Ambia" ..... 27th Feb.

For Rotterdam, Hamburg &amp; Antwerp:

S.S. "Sp. zia" ..... 1st Mar.

For Havre &amp; Hamburg:

S.S. "Goldenberg" ..... 5th Mar.

For Marseilles, Havre, Rotterdam &amp; Hamburg:

S.S. "Prinzess" ..... 14th Mar.

For Havre, Bremen &amp; Hamburg:

S.S. "Silezia" ..... 20th Mar.

For Further Particulars, apply to—

**Hamburg-Amerika Linie,**

Hongkong Office.

Hongkong, 14th February, 1912.

[2]

[2]

[2]

[2]

[2]

[2]

[2]

[2]

[2]

[2]

[2]

[2]

[2]

[2]

[2]

[2]

[2]

[2]

[2]

[2]

[2]

[2]

[2]

[2]

[2]

[2]

[2]

[2]

[2]

[2]

[2]

[2]

[2]

[2]

[2]

[2]

[2]

[2]

[2]

[2]

[2]

[2]

[2]

[2]

[2]

[2]

[2]

[2]

[2]

[2]

[2]

[2]

[2]

[2]

[2]

[2]

[2]

[2]

[2]

[2]

[2]

[2]

[2]

[2]

[2]

[2]

[2]

[2]

[2]

[2]

[2]

## LOG BOOK.

## Wreck Inquiries and Contempt.

Rather an interesting case has recently been heard by the Full Court of New South Wales. On October 2 a collision took place in Sydney Harbour between the steamship Taviani, belonging to the Union Steamship Company of New Zealand, and the steamship Nera, owned by the Messageries Maritimes. On October 16 the Marine Court gave its decision after a formal inquiry, and suspended the certificate of Captain Beighton, the master of the Taviani, for a period of six months. The "Sydney Morning Herald" published the judgment of the Court on October 17, and the following day a letter from a Captain Banks criticising the finding. On October 19 the same newspaper published a sub-leader and another article, in which the decision of the tribunal was the subject of further criticism, and a re-hearing of the case was suggested. As it happened, the parties to the collision had, on October 5 and October 8 respectively commenced cross-suits in Admiralty. What the Full Court had to determine, at the instance, first, of the Messageries Maritimes, and, secondly, of the Attorney-General was whether the newspaper had been guilty of contempt.

For the respondents it was stated that they were unaware that proceedings in Admiralty had been commenced, and the Court fully accepted the statement. Whether or not there can be contempt in the absence of such knowledge the Court held it unnecessary to determine, because, in its judgment, the articles were not calculated to interfere in the slightest degree with the fair trial of the Admiralty suits. It was impossible, said Mr. Justice Pinf, to suggest that they would influence the judge, and useless to say that they would deter witnesses from giving evidence. The rule obtained by the Messageries Maritimes was therefore discharged, but without costs. The rule obtained by the Attorney-General was even more summarily dealt with. The Court, indeed, described it as the outcome of an altogether unnecessary and unjustified application. The case for the Attorney-General was that the newspaper was guilty of contempt because the Governor, in exercising jurisdiction under the Navigation Act, was acting judicially, and was a Court of Justice; and, secondly, because the Governor might possibly refer the case back to the Marine Court for re-hearing. So little did the Court think of the argument that it discharged the rule with costs.

It is interesting to note the sequel. As a matter of fact, there was so much doubt about the propriety of the decision of the Marine Court which condemned the master of the Taviani that a re-hearing was ordered. How far the comments of the "Sydney Morning Herald" helped to bring that about we cannot say, but the fact that a re-hearing was directed suggests at least the possibility of a miscarriage of justice at the original investigation. The judgments of tribunals of this class are certainly not always of such a character as to make it desirable that they should be invested with any special sanctity by the strained application of the law of contempt.

In St. Michael's Church at Stockton, in Warwickshire, on January 9, Archdeacon Colley entered a glass-covered coffin, and was carried around the aisles. On being brought back to the chancel he raised the cover and closed the service by pronouncing the benediction. Some of the congregation sobbed during the proceedings, while others became shocked and left the church. Subsequently the Archdeacon explained that he had been carried around the church in a coffin because he had wished to rehearse the scene he would like to take place after his death, and before his remains were sent to the Medical Faculty at Birmingham for dissection. His will directs that after the dissection his bones shall be wired together and placed in the Leamington Museum.

## HONGKONG PHILIPPINES STEAMSHIP CO.

Steamship	Tons	Captain	For	Sailing Date
ZAFIRO	4000	M. O. Smith	Manila, Mangarin, Iloilo and Cebu.	SATURDAY, 17th Feb., 4 P.M.
RUBI	4000	S. Crosby	Manila, Mangarin, Iloilo and Cebu.	THURSDAY, 23th Feb., 4 P.M.

For Freight or Passage apply to

**SHWAN TOMES & CO.**

GENERAL MANAGERS

Hongkong 10th February, 1912.

[14]

[14]

[14]

[14]

[14]

[14]

[14]

[14]

[14]

[14]

[14]

[14]

[14]

[14]

[14]

[14]

[14]

[14]

[14]

[14]

[14]

[14]

[14]

[14]

[14]



## COMMERCIAL.

## Camphor.

Most of the world's supply of camphor comes from Japan and Formosa. Of late years the demand, says the "Philadelphia Record," has begun to exceed the supply, and the question has arisen how the latter can be maintained. One of the reasons why camphor is becoming scarcer and dearer is said to be that it is extensively used in the manufacture of celluloid. At present camphor is produced mainly from the so-called camphor tree, which attains a gigantic size in Japan, one specimen recently measured being one hundred and fifteen feet tall and having a trunk over fourteen and one-half feet in diameter. The tree is common in China, but as yet the production of camphor in that country is very limited. It is said that camphor can be produced from other species of trees. In Borneo a very aromatic camphor is obtained from the natural deposits of gum on the trunk of a species of tree indigenous to that island and Sumatra. Borneo camphor is rare and very costly.

## Bullion.

The following is from Messrs. Samuel Montagu & Co.'s circular of January 11:—

The gold output of the Transvaal for 1911 is a record one, amounting to 8,237,722 ounces. The able compilation of Mr. R. W. Gillan, Comptroller General and Head Commissioner of Paper Currency in India, in regard to his department's work in 1910-11 bristles with interesting matter touching the use of sovereigns in that country.

The document states that the sovereign circulates freely in the Punjab in payment for the wheat, in the United Provinces for the cotton crops, and to a lesser degree in Bombay and Madras, but not throughout the country as a whole.

An impression is conveyed that the circulation is short lived, and that when the coin is once changed it has a tendency to go into the Government tills.

After provision for such circulation, the remainder of the imports—that is to say by far the greater portion—must be used either for manufacturing purposes or for hoarding.

As regards the latter, it is not the function of Government to make special provision for, or encourage hoarding—a process which causes that which might be fruitfully capital to remain idle.

But, whether the use of sovereigns in India be described as for hoarding or for circulation, it is patent that their enhanced use tells against a demand for the coinage of additional silver rupees, inasmuch as prior to sovereigns becoming available, rupees were the coins retained for the former purpose.

The preceding remark is justified by the record absorption of sovereigns during 1910-11—namely, the equivalent of 10.78 lacs of rupees, and by the small absorption of rupees namely, 3.34 lacs compared with an average of 7.59 lacs during the preceding seven years.

There was a transfer of funds amounting to 0.56 lacs of rupees from the three Presidencies to Rangoon, and no remittance whatever was made from Rangoon. This illustrates forcibly the difficulty attaching to placing the currency on any basis by which the Government would be bound to give out gold or silver at the option of note holders in the widely scattered trade centres of India.

The engagement is announced of Mr. Herbert Phillips, Assistant Chinese Secretary of H. M. Legation, Peking, to Miss J. W. Robin. It is expected that Mr. Phillips will be transferred to Shanghai some time this spring to take the post of Senior Vice-Consul at H. M. Consulate-General.

The subjugation of the Taroko clan in Formosa, one of the most savage tribes in the island, will be attempted by Japan during the next fiscal year. It is said to have young men in its ranks numbering about 25,000 and is quartered within natural fastnesses in the mountains so that the work of subjugation will have to be carried out on an extensive scale.

## Today's Advertisements.

## THE CHINA PROVIDENT LOAN AND MORTGAGE CO., LTD.

THE FIFTEENTH ORDINARY ANNUAL MEETING OF SHAREHOLDERS in the Company will be held at the Offices of the Company, St. George's Building, No. 6, Connaught Road, on WEDNESDAY, 21st February, 1912, at 11.30 a.m., for the purpose of receiving a Statement of Accounts and the Report of the General Managers for the year ending 31st December, 1911, declaring a Dividend and electing a Consulting Committee and Auditors.

The TRANSFER BOOKS of the Company will be CLOSED from THURSDAY, the 15th February, 1912, until WEDNESDAY, the 21st February, 1912, both days inclusive.

SHEWAN TOMES & CO., General Managers.

Hongkong, 13th Feb. 1912. [159]

## Consignees.

NORDEUTSCHER LLOYD, BREMEN.

IMPERIAL GERMAN MAIL LINE.

NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES.

THE Steamship

"P. E. FRIEDRICH,"

having arrived, Consignees of cargo are hereby informed that their Goods, with the exception of Opium, Tobacco and Valuable, are being landed at and stored at their risk into the hazardous and/or extra hazardous Godowns of the Hongkong and Kowloon Wharf and Godown Company, Limited, Kowloon, and West Point Godowns, whence delivery may be obtained.

Optional Cargo will be forwarded on unless intimation is received from the Consignees before Noon TO-DAY, requesting it to be landed there.

No claims will be admitted after the Goods have left the Godowns, and all goods remaining undelivered after the 15th of February, will be subject to sale.

All broken, damaged, and/or lost Goods, are to be left in the Godowns, where they will be examined by the 15th of February, at 9.30 a.m.

All claims must be made before the 22nd of February, 1912, or they will not be recognized.

No Fire Insurance will be effect.

Bills of Lading will be countersigned by the undersigned.

Consignees' Goods to be stored at West Point Godowns, please send them to the Consignees' Office.

NORDEUTSCHER LLOYD, BREMEN.

General Agents.

Hongkong, 8th Feb. 1912. [7]

"GLEN" LINE OF STEAMERS.

NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES.

FROM ANTWERP, MIDDLESBROUGH, LONDON AND SINGAPORE.

THE Steamship

"GLENLOCH,"

Captain T. F. Jones, having arrived from the above Ports, Consignees of Cargo are hereby informed that their goods are being landed at their risk into the Godowns of the Hongkong and Kowloon Wharf and Godown Company, Limited, Kowloon, and stored at Consignees' risk and expense.

All broken, damaged, and/or lost goods are to be left in the Godowns, where they will be examined on FRIDAY, 16th inst., at 10 a.m.

All claims must be presented within fifteen days of the steamer's arrival here, after which date they cannot be recognized.

No claims will be admitted after the 16th inst., will be subject to sale.

No Fire Insurance will be effect.

Bills of Lading will be countersigned by the undersigned.

SHEWAN TOMES & CO., General Agents.

Hongkong, 10th Feb. 1912. [152]

G. R.

NAVY CONTRACTS, 1912-13.

SEALED TENDERS, in duplicate for the supply of the under-mentioned stores for H. M. Naval Service at Hongkong during the period 1st April, 1912, to 31st March, 1913, will be received by the COMMODORE, H. M. NAVAL YARD, until Noon, on MONDAY, the 26th February, 1912:—

Fresh Peas and Vegetables

Protein Meat.

Fat Bread

Biscuits

Rice

Sugar

FORMS of Tender and any necessary information may be obtained on application to the DEPUTY VICE-ADMIRAL STORE OFFICER, H. M. Naval Depot, Kowloon.

The right to reject the lowest or any tenders is reserved. H. M. Naval Depot, Kowloon, 27th Jan. 1912. [133]

## To Sail Hongkong—New York.



AMERICAN-ASIATIC S.S. CO. FOR BOSTON & NEW YORK via SUEZ CANAL.

(With liberty to call at the Malabar Coast).

S.S. "KARONGA"

on or about 6th March, 1912.

For Freight and further information, apply to

SHEWAN TOMES & CO., General Agents.

Hongkong, 23rd Jan. 1912. [105]

Regular Steamship Service to New York, via PORTS and SUEZ CANAL.

(With liberty to call at Malabar Coast).

PROPOSED SAILING FROM HONGKONG, FOR BOSTON & NEW YORK:

S.S. "PATHAN" (Sailing on or about 17th Feb.

For Freight and further information, apply to

DODWELL & CO., LTD., Agents.

Hongkong, 24th Jan. 1912. [107]

CHINESE ENGINEERING and MINING COMPANY, LTD.

CANTON-HONGKONG-TIENTSIN LINE.

THE Steamship

"ONSANG"

will sail on or about the 29th Feb. 1912. Taking cargo for Tientsin, via China.

For Freight and Passage apply to

THE CHINESE ENGINEERING & MINING CO., LTD.

Queen's Buildings.

DODWELL & CO., LTD., Agents.

Hongkong, 1st Feb. 1912. [128]

Public Companies

HUMPHREYS ESTATE AND FINANCE CO., LTD.

NOTICE is hereby given that the ORDINARY ANNUAL MEETING OF SHAREHOLDERS of this Company will be held at the Hongkong Hotel, Hongkong, on FRIDAY, 16th February, 1912, at 11.30 a.m. for the purpose of receiving the Report of the Directors to the Shareholders for the year ending 31st December, 1911.

The TRANSFER BOOKS of the Company will be CLOSED from the 10th to the 29th February (both days inclusive), during which period no transfer of shares can be effected.

JOHN D. HUMPHREYS & SONS, General Managers.

Hongkong, 31st Jan. 1912. [130]

HONGKONG AND SHANGHAI BANKING CORPORATION.

NOTICE is hereby given that the ORDINARY HALF-YEARLY MEETING OF SHAREHOLDERS in this Corporation will be held at the City Hall, Hongkong, on SATURDAY, the 17th day of February, 1912, at Noon, for the purpose of receiving the Report of the Directors to the Shareholders for the year ending 31st December, 1911.

To REGISTER OF SHARES of the Corporation will be CLOSED from MONDAY, the 5th February, to SATURDAY, the 17th February, 1912 (both days inclusive), during which period no Transfer of Shares can be registered.

By Order of the Board of Directors N. J. STARR, Chief Manager.

Hongkong, 1st Feb. 1912. [131]

THE OBINA PROVIDENT LOAN AND MORTGAGE CO., LTD.

(CAPITAL PAID UP...\$1,250,000.)

Loans on Mortgage of House Property &c.

Goods received on Storage.

Advances made on Merchandise.

Loans made on the Provident System.

(Rates and Particulars on application) to the

TRUSTEE, EXECUTOR OF WILLIS, ATTORNEY, &c.,

Underwritten and Executed by SHEWAN TOMES & CO., General Managers.

Hongkong, 10th March 1912. [123]

WANTED.—A TYPIST. Good References.

Apply stating Salary required to XXX.

To "Hongkong Telegraph," Hongkong, 10th Feb. 1912. [161]

## Banks

## INTERNATIONAL BANKING CORPORATION.

CAPITAL PAID UP...Gold \$3,250,000

RESERVE FUND...Gold \$3,250,000

Gold \$3,250,000

HEAD OFFICE:—60 Wall Street, New York.

LONDON OFFICE:—86, Bishopsgate.

LONDON BANKERS:—BANK OF ENGLAND.

NATIONAL PROVINCIAL BANK OF ENGLAND, LTD.

THE CAPITAL & COUNTRY BANK, LIMITED.

BRANCHES AND AGENTS ALL OVER THE WORLD.

THE Corporation transacts every description of Banking and Exchange Business, receives money on Current Account at the rate of 2 per cent. per annum on daily balances and accepts Fixed Deposits at the following rates:—

For 12 months 4 per cent. per annum.

For 6 months 3 1/2 per cent. per annum.

For 3 months 3 per cent. per annum.

For 1 month 2 1/2 per cent. per annum.

GEO. HOGG, Manager.

No. 2, Queen's Road Central, Hongkong, 31st Feb. 1911. [1]

THE YOKOHAMA SPECIE BANK, LIMITED.

Established 1880.

AUTHORIZED CAPITAL Yen 48,000,000

PAID-UP CAPITAL ... 30,000,000

RESERVE FUND ... 17,150,000

Head Office—YOKOHAMA.

Branches and Agencies at

Antung-Hsien Newchwang

Bombay Yokohama

Changhai Ooka

Dairen (Dalny) Peking

Fongtien (Mukden) Ryokun (Port Arthur)

Hankow San Francisco

Honolulu Kobe

Kobe Shanghai

Kiao-Yang Tientsin

London Yokohama

Lyons Sagami

Manila

San Francisco

Shanghai

Tientsin

Yokohama

Yokohama

Yokohama

Yokohama

Yokohama

Yokohama

Yokohama

Yokohama

Yokohama

Yokohama

Yokohama

Yokohama

Yokohama

Yokohama

## Banks

## HONGKONG AND SHANGHAI BANKING CORPORATION

CAPITAL PAID UP...\$10,000,000

RESERVE FUND...\$10,000,000

Gold \$10,000,000

HEAD OFFICE:—60 Wall Street, New York.

LONDON OFFICE:—86, Bishopsgate.

LONDON BANKERS:—BANK OF ENGLAND.

NATIONAL PROVINCIAL BANK OF ENGLAND, LTD.

THE CAPITAL & COUNTRY BANK, LIMITED.

BRANCHES AND AGENTS ALL OVER THE WORLD.

THE Corporation transacts every description of Banking and Exchange Business, receives money on Current Account at the rate of 2 per cent. per annum on daily balances and accepts Fixed Deposits at the following rates:—

For 12 months 4 per cent. per annum.

For 6 months 3 1/2 per cent. per annum.

For 3 months 3 per cent. per annum.

For 1 month 2 1/2 per cent. per annum.

GEO. HOGG, Manager.

No. 2, Queen's Road Central, Hongkong, 31st Feb. 1911. [1]

THE YOKOHAMA SPECIE BANK, LIMITED.

Established 1880.

AUTHORIZED CAPITAL Yen 48,000,000

PAID-UP CAPITAL ... 30,000,000

RESERVE FUND ... 17,150,000

Head Office—YOKOHAMA.

Branches and Agencies at

Antung-Hsien Newchwang

Bombay Yokohama

Changhai Ooka

Dairen (Dalny) Peking

Fongtien (Mukden) Ryokun (Port Arthur)

Hankow San Francisco

Honolulu Kobe

Kobe Shanghai

Kiao-Yang Tientsin

London Yokohama

Lyons Sagami

Manila

San Francisco

Shanghai

Tientsin

Yokohama

Yokohama

Yokohama

Yokohama

Yokohama

Yokohama

Yokohama

Yokohama

Yokohama

Yokohama

Yokohama

Yokohama

Yokohama

Yokohama

## Exchange

## Selling.

T/T...2/0 3/0

30 d/s...2/0 3/0

60 d/s...2/0 3/0

90 d/s...2/0 3/0

120 d/s...2/0 3/0

150 d/s...2/0 3/0

180 d/s...2/0 3/0

210 d/s...2/0 3/0

240 d/s...2/0 3/0

270 d/s...2/0 3/0

300 d/s...2/0 3/0

330 d/s...2/0 3/0



## SPORT.

## Home Football.

## STATE OF THE LEAGUE TABLES.

The following are the results of the Home Football matches on 1 the state of the League tables up to and including Jan. 20:—

The League.—Division 1.

\*Aston Villa ..... 3  
\*Manchester City ..... 1

\*Everton ..... 3  
\*Liverpool ..... 1

West Bromwich A. 2  
\*Manchester U. .... 1

\*Middlesbrough ..... 1  
\*Sheffield Wood ..... 1

Woolwich A. .... 2  
\*Newcastle United ... 1

\*Blackburn Rovers... 3  
\*Notts County ..... 1

\*Oldham Athletic ... 3  
Bolton W. .... 0

\*Preston N. End..... 1  
Bury ..... 0

\*Tottenham H. .... 0  
Sunderland ..... 0

Sheffield United v. Bradford City abandoned.

P.W.L.D.Pts.

Blackburn R. .... 24 13 0 5 31

Newcastle United 23 13 7 3 29

Everton ..... 23 13 7 3 29

Manchester U. .... 23 10 7 6 26

Sunderland ..... 24 9 7 8 26

Aston Villa ..... 23 10 8 5 25

Sheffield W. .... 23 9 8 6 24

Middlesbrough ... 23 9 7 6 24

Bradford City ..... 22 10 8 4 24

Tottenham H. .... 22 9 8 5 23

West Brom. A. .... 22 9 8 5 23

Notts County ..... 22 10 0 3 23

Sheffield United. 22 9 9 4 22

Bolton W. .... 23 10 11 2 22

Liverpool ..... 23 8 11 4 20

Woolwich A. .... 23 7 10 0 20

Preston N. E. .... 23 7 11 5 19

Oldham Athletic 22 7 12 3 17

Manchester City. 22 5 11 6 16

Bury ..... 21 2 14 5 9

The League: Div. II.

\*Burnley ..... 5

Hull City ..... 1

\*Fulham ..... 3

Huddersfield Town. 1

\*Grimsby Town ..... 3

\*Gainsboro ..... 2

Clapton Orient ..... 2

\*Leeds City ..... 0

\*Stockport County ... 1

Bristol City ..... 0

\*Wolverhampton W. 3

Chelsea ..... 1

Barnsley v. Glossop, Bradford v. Blackpool, Derby County v. Birmingham, and Leicester Fosse v. Nottingham Forest were abandoned.

P.W.L.D.P.

Derby County..... 22 14 4 4 2

Burnley ..... 23 13 4 6 2

Chelsea ..... 23 13 5 4 31

Hull City ..... 22 13 5 4 0

Whitton W. .... 23 11 6 0 28

Barnsley ..... 22 10 5 7 27

Clapton Orient ..... 22 12 7 3 27

Fulham ..... 22 11 8 3 25

Grimsby Town ... 23 9 7 25

Bradford ..... 21 8 7 6 22

Huddersfield ..... 21 8 8 5 21

Nottingham F. .... 21 8 8 5 21

Blackpool ..... 22 8 9 5 21

Bristol City ..... 23 6 13 4 16

Stockport County. 21 4 10 7 15

Leeds City ..... 23 6 14 3 15

Leicester Fosse ... 22 5 12 5 15

Birmingham ..... 22 5 13 4 14

Gainsborough T. 21 3 11 7 13

Glossop ..... 21 1 12 8 10

Southern League.

\*Brighton & Hove ... 4

Leyton ..... 0

\*Stoke ..... 3

Coventry City ..... 1

\*Northampton ..... 1

Norwich City ..... 0

\*Swindon ..... 2

Crystal Palace ..... 1

\*Bristol Rovers ..... 2

Southampton ..... 0

Plymouth Argyle ... 2

West Ham ..... 0

\*Millwall ..... 3

Reading ..... 0

\*Q. P. Rangers ..... 1

Watford ..... 1

\*Brentford ..... 7

New Brompton ..... 1

\*Luton ..... 4

Leeds City ..... 2

Swindon	23	17	4	2	36
Queen's Park R.	22	14	4	4	32
Plymouth Argyle	22	12	4	0	30
Northampton	22	12	4	0	30
Crystal Palace	20	10	5	5	25
Millwall Athletic	22	9	6	7	25
Brighton and Hove	22	9	8	5	23
Coventry City	22	10	10	2	22
Watford	21	7	6	8	22
Reading	22	7	7	8	22
Bristol Rovers	21	7	6	8	22
Norwich City	22	8	10	4	20
West Ham United	21	7	9	5	19
Brentford	22	7	10	5	19
Stoke	20	7	9	4	18
Luton	21	5	9	7	17
Southampton	23	5	11	7	17
Exeter City	22	4	12	0	14
New Brompton	21	3	13	5	11
Leyton	21	2	14	5	9

Scottish League.					
*Clyde	1				
Third Lanark	0				
*St. Mirren	1				
Celtic	1				
*Rangers	2				
Aberdeen	0				
*Partick Thistle	2				
*Airdrieonians	1				
*Motherwell	2				
Falkirk	0				
*F.C. of Midlothian	2				
Morton	0				
*Queen's Park	1				
Dundee	0				
Hibernians	2				
*Kilmarnock	1				
Hamilton Acads.	2				
*Raith Rovers	1				

Division 2.					
Abercorn	3				
Vale of Leven	1				
Ayr United	1				
St. Johnstone	1				
Albion Rovers	4				
Port Glasgow	1				

P.W.L.D.Pts.					
Rangers	24	19	4	1	30
Celtic	27	13	0	8	34
Clyde	26	15	8	3	33
Morton	25	11	7	7	20
Hearts	23	11	0	6	28
Partick Thistle	24	10	8	6	26
Airdrieonians	25	9	8	8	26
Third Lanark	26	10	0	6	26
Dundee	24	9	8	7	25
Aberdeen	24	11	10	3	25
Falkirk	23	9	5	23	
Hamilton	24	0	10	5	23
Motherwell	23	8	12	3	19
Hibernians	25	8	14	3	19
Kilmarnock	25	8	14	3	19
Raith Rovers	24	7	13	4	18
St. Mirren	24	4	14	0	14
Queen's Park	22	4	14	4	12

## GOOD IN EVERYTHING.

We have always followed Shakespeare in trying to find sermons in stones and good in everything. And on the whole we have succeeded. Our trouble is, however, that while it generally requires an enormous expenditure of time and trouble to find the good in anything, the bad is, so to speak, flung in your face so pointedly that it hits you in the eye every time. For instance, take the telephone. A serviceable invention, undoubtedly. Possessed of tact, patience and unlimited self-control, you can, beyond question, put yourself into communication with a friend or another business man at odd times during the day. The thing has been done. So, properly considered, we suppose it may be conceded that there is good in a telephone as in everything else. On the other hand, when you are rung up in the middle of the night by a frantic individual who is trying to get hold of his doctor and has given the wrong number in his hurry, why then the inconvenience of the thing becomes rather too painfully apparent. It is the same with everything else. The bad, we fear, outweighs the good, or at least is much more easily discernible. That is why it is so easy to be a critic; that also is why critics are so universally unpopular, not as men, but as critics. A critic must do his duty, like every other Englishman. And the more conscientiously he does it, the more we dislike him. A sad fate. But a noble profession. And, anyhow, not ours for we are of those who seek to find the good in everything. And in spite of discouragements, we intend to go on trying.—The "Globe."

## POST OFFICE.

Only fully prepaid letters and post-cards are transmissible by the Siberian Route to Europe.

The Parcel Post system, to the following places in China is for the present suspended:—Hupoh, Szechuan, Hunan, Kweichow and Tientsin.

## MAILS VIA SIBERIA.

Date	Shanghai
January 24th.	February 9th.
January 27th.	February 13th.

## MAILS DUE.

German, York, 22nd inst.  
American, Mongolia, 23rd inst.

## MAILS CLOSING.

Fort Bayard and Haiphong—Per Si-king, 14th Feb., 8 a.m.

Haiphong (taking Mail for Pakhoi)—Per Hanol, 14th Feb., 9 a.m.

Hoihow and Haiphong (taking Mails for Pakhoi)—Per Singan, 14th Feb., 9 a.m.

Swatow, Amoy and Foochow—Per Hailan, 14th Feb., 10 a.m.

Nagasaki, Kobe and Yokohama—Per Nikko-maru, 14th Feb., 11 a.m.

Macao—Per Sui Tai, 14th Feb., 1.15 p.m.

Batavia, Oberlin, Samarang, Sourabaya and Macassar—Per Tjimanock, 14th Feb., 3 p.m.

Amoy—Per Yunnan, 14th Feb., 3 p.m.

Shanghai—Per Haungang, 15th Feb., 11 a.m.

Macao—Per Sui Tai, 15th Feb., 1.15 p.m.

Shanghai—Per Chialius, 15th Feb., 3 p.m.

Shanghai—Per Assaye, 15th Feb., 6 p.m.

Batavia, Oberlin, Samarang, and Sourabaya—Per Tjilajap, 15th Feb., 10 a.m.

Swatow—Per Haimun, 15th Feb., 10 a.m.

Manila, Cebu, Iloilo, Tuesday Island, Cooatowa, Cairns, Townsville, Brisbane, Sydney, Hobart, Launceston, New Zealand, Dunedin, Melbourne, Adelaide, Perth and Fremantle—Per Yawata Maru, 15th Feb., 11 a.m.

Shanghai, Nagasaki, Kobe, Yokohama, Honolulu and San Francisco (Siberian Mail to Europe)—Per Onio-maru, 15th Feb., 11 a.m.

Macao—Per Sui Tai, 15th Feb., 1.15 p.m.

Shanghai and Kobe—Per Tjilajap, 15th Feb., 2 p.m.

Manila, Cebu, Iloilo, Port Darwin, Thursday Island, Cooatowa, Cairns, Townsville, Brisbane, Sydney, Hobart, Launceston, New Zealand, Dunedin, Melbourne, Adelaide, Perth and Fremantle—Per Ching-shin, 15th Feb., 3 p.m.

Moji, Kobe, Yokohama, Honolulu, Manzanillo, Salina Cruz, Calico, Acaia, Iquique, Valparaiso and Camne—Per Kiyomaru, 17th Feb., 10 a.m.

EUROPE, &c., INDIA VIA TUNICORIN—(Late Letters 11 a.m. to noon. Extra Postage 10 cents.) (Supplementary mail on board up to the time fixed for departure of the mail Extra Postage 10 cents.) (Letters posted in all the Pillar Boxes in time for the first clearance will be included in this contract mail.) The Parcel Mail will be closed on Friday 14th Feb., at 5 p.m.—Per Himalaya, 17th Feb., 11 a.m.

Manila, Cebu and Iloilo—Per Long-sang, 17th Feb., 1 p.m.

Macao—Per Sui Tai, 17th Feb., 1.15 p.m.

Manila, Cebu, Iloilo and Cebu—Per Zafiro, 17th Feb., 3 p.m.

Kudat and Sandakan—Per Boro, 17th Feb., 3 p.m.

Shanghai, Yokohama and Kobe—Per Vauwerta, 17th Feb., 4 p.m.

Swatow, Amoy and Foochow—Per Hailan, 20th Feb., 10 a.m.

Manila, Cebu and Iloilo—Per Kailong, 20th Feb., 3 p.m.

EUROPE, &c., INDIA VIA TUNICORIN—(Late Letters 11 a.m. to noon. Extra Postage 10 cents.) (Supplementary mail on board up to the time fixed for departure of the mail Extra Postage 10 cents.) (Letters posted in all the Pillar Boxes in time for the first clearance will be included in this contract mail.) The Parcel Mail will be closed on Friday 14th Feb., at 5 p.m.—Per Himalaya, 17th Feb., 11 a.m.

Manila, Cebu and Iloilo—Per Long-sang, 17th Feb., 1 p.m.

Macao—Per Sui Tai, 17th Feb., 1.15 p.m.

Manila, Cebu, Iloilo and Cebu—Per Zafiro, 17th Feb., 3 p.m.

Kudat and Sandakan—Per Boro, 17th Feb., 3 p.m.

Shanghai, Yokohama and Kobe—Per Vauwerta, 17th Feb., 4 p.m.

Swatow, Amoy and Foochow—Per Hailan, 20th Feb., 10 a.m.

Manila, Cebu and Iloilo—Per Kailong, 20th Feb., 3 p.m.

EUROPE, &c., INDIA VIA TUNICORIN—(Late Letters 11 a.m. to noon. Extra Postage 10 cents.) (Supplementary mail on board up to the time fixed for departure of the mail Extra Postage 10 cents.) (Letters posted in all the Pillar Boxes in time for the first clearance will be included in this contract mail.) The Parcel Mail will be closed on Friday 14th Feb., at 5 p.m.—Per Himalaya, 17th Feb., 11 a.m.

Manila, Cebu and Iloilo—Per Long-sang, 17th Feb., 1 p.m.

Macao—Per Sui Tai, 17th Feb., 1.15 p.m.

Manila, Cebu, Iloilo and Cebu—Per Zafiro, 17th Feb., 3 p.m.

Kudat and Sandakan—Per Boro, 17th Feb., 3 p.m.

Shanghai, Yokohama and Kobe—Per Vauwerta, 17th Feb., 4 p.m.

Swatow, Amoy and Foochow—Per Hailan, 20th Feb., 10 a.m.

Manila, Cebu and Iloilo—Per Kailong, 20th Feb., 3 p.m.

EUROPE, &c., INDIA VIA TUNICORIN—(Late Letters 11 a.m. to noon. Extra Postage 10 cents.) (Supplementary mail on board up to the time fixed for departure of the mail Extra Postage 10 cents.) (Letters posted in all the Pillar Boxes in time for the first clearance will be included in this contract mail.) The Parcel Mail will be closed on Friday 14th Feb., at 5 p.m.—Per Himalaya, 17th Feb., 11 a.m.

Manila, Cebu and Iloilo—Per Long-sang, 17th Feb., 1 p.m.

Macao—Per Sui Tai, 17th Feb., 1.15 p.m.

Manila, Cebu, Iloilo and Cebu—Per Zafiro, 17th Feb., 3 p.m.

Kudat and Sandakan—Per Boro, 17th Feb., 3 p.m.

Shanghai, Yokohama and Kobe—Per Vauwerta, 17th Feb., 4 p.m.

Shanghai, Nagasaki, Kobe, Yokohama, Honolulu and San Francisco (Siberian Mail to Europe)—Per Nio, 23rd Feb., noon.
--

Shanghai, Nagasaki, Kobe, Yokohama, Victoria and Vancouver, (B.O.) Siberian Mail to Europe—Per Empress of Japan, 23rd Feb., 5 p.m.
--

Tientsin—Per Chipping, 23rd Feb., 5 p.m.
--

Manila, Cebu, Iloilo, Angkor, Yap, Friedrich, Wilhelmshafen, Rabaul, Herbertshohe, Matupi, Brisbane, Sydney, Hobart, Launceston, New Zealand, Dunedin, Melbourne, Adelaide, Perth and Fremantle—Per Coblenz, 24th Feb., 9 a.m.
--

Manila, Cebu and Iloilo—Per Yunnan, 24th Feb., 1 p.m.
---

Manila, Mangarin, Iloilo and Cebu—Per Rubi, 29th Feb., 3 p.m.
---

Shanghai, Nagasaki, Kobe, Yokohama, Honolulu and San Francisco (Siberian Mail to Europe)—Per Mongolia, 2nd Mar., 10 a.m.
--